



User manual Pressure control panel -2P-AC

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# 1 Introduction

This user manual is the original user manual for the Switchover -2P-AC from Spectron Gas Control Systems GmbH, referred to as Spectron.

The user manual is intended to facilitate correct and safe operation for the operating firm, and to warn against misuse. It is intended for the qualified personnel and the operator of the facility.



#### **MARNING**

#### **Incorrect operation**

Incorrect operation of the system, e.g. due to instruction errors, can lead to personal injury or damage to the system.

- a) Access to the user manual by the operating and maintenance personnel must be absolutely ensured at all times.
- b) A copy of the system documentation including the user manual must therefore be kept either on the system or in a suitable and accessible location.

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# 2 Description

### 2.1 Intended use

The intended use of the Switchover -2P-AC is the automatic switchover of a gas from the side that is currently in operation to the reserve side when the gas supply situation requires it.

It is fitted upstream of the pressure control panel and is used for pneumatic switching between 2 gas sources. The current inlet pressure can be read off on the pressure gauge on the corresponding side. The yellow marks on the inductive sensor puck indicate the gas flow. This provides information on which side is in operation.

Switchovers of type -2P-AC are only suitable for gaseous acetylene (ethyne) of commercial purity. During gas extraction, the maximum extraction quantity prescribed by the gas supplier must not be exceeded, as solvents can otherwise be introduced into the product.

The permissible gas types and pressure ranges are each specified on the label (see "Identification / label").

The equipment versions of the Switchovers without electrical components may be used in an explosion hazard zone as they do not have separate ignition sources (ignition hazard assessment according to DIN EN ISO 80079-36).

Switchovers with electrical components that are suitable for use in an explosion hazard zone are marked on the label according to EU Directive 2014/34/EU.

To be able to use the Switchovers as intended, all persons working with it must comply with the specifications of the relevant user manual.

The area in which hazards can occur when used as intended is the area around the Switchovers. The danger zone changes depending on the system status and use.

### 2.2 Misuse

Any improper use constitutes misuse. Switchovers may only be used for the specified gases and in the specified pressure range. Switchovers with electrical components without marking according to EU Directive 2014/34/EU may not be used in an explosion hazard zone.

Furthermore, the following operating conditions are regarded as misuse:

- Use for gases in their liquid phase
- Failure to carry out inspection and maintenance work
- Pressurisation in reverse (opposite to the flow direction)
- Operation with gases that are not specified on the label
- Operation outside the permissible technical limit values
- Failure to heed and comply with any applicable legal regulations and other provisions
- Non-observance of the user manual
- Failure to heed the information on the label and in the product data sheet

### 2.3 Identification / label

The label is located on the on the mounting plate of the Switchover.

The label provides the following details:

Details	Example
Manufacturer	Spectron Gas Control Systems GmbH
Date of manufacture	2020/08
Standard	ISO 14114:2017 / 15615:2013 / 5175-1
Project number	PROJECT

Article description	-2P-AC
Inlet pressure P1	25 bar
Gas type	Acetylene (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> )
Flow rate Qmax	75 m³/h
Temperature range	-20 +60°C
Pcheck test pressure	25 bar

### 2.4 Environment

### 2.4.1 Temperatures

Normal temperatures expected in a production area are assumed when operating the system: -20°C to +60°C.

The air humidity must be below 60 % rel. humidity to prevent condensation. The operating temperature depends on the gas used.

#### 2.4.2 Emissions

The A-rated sound pressure level does not exceed the value of 70 dB(A). It is not necessary to wear hearing protection.

The waste gas line or a burst disc line must not end in areas where the escaping process gas poses a hazard to persons or the environment.

Further emissions in the form of vibrations, radiation, vapours, dusts and waste water do not occur in the regular operation of the product.

### 2.5 Standards and laws

The design and construction of the Switchover is subject to the following standards and directives:

2006/42/EC	Machinery Directive
2014/68/EU	Pressure Equipment Directive
2014/34/EU	ATEX directives
98/24/EC	Hazardous Substances Directive
DIN EN ISO 12100:2010	Safety of Machinery
Safety data sheet for the gases used	Process gas and auxiliary media

Various **additional** laws, regulations and guidelines must be complied with when handling pressurised gases. Find out about the laws, regulations and guidelines that apply in your location.

BetrSichV	Betriebssicherheitsverordnung (Industrial health and safety ordinance)
ProdSG	Produktsicherheitsgesetz (Product Safety Law)
GefStoffV	<i>Gefahrstoffverordnung</i> (Hazardous Substances Ordinance)
TRGS 400, 407, 500, 720, 721, 722, 727, 745,746	Technische Regeln Betriebssicherheit (Technical Regulations on Operational Safety)
TRBS 1111, 2152, 3145, 3146	Technische Regeln Betriebssicherheit (Technical Regulations on Operational Safety)
TRAS	Technische Regeln Anlagensicherheit (Technical Regulations on Plant Safety)

DGUV Regulation 1	German Trade Association Principles of Prevention	
DGUV Rule 113-001	German Trade Association Rules on Explosion Protection	
DGUV Rule 100-500 Chapter 2.26	Accident prevention regulations on welding, cutting and allied processes	
DGUV Rule 100-500 Chapter 2.31	Accident prevention regulation on gas lines	
EIGA documents		
DIN EN ISO 14114-2017	General requirements for gas welding equipment, acetylene manifold systems, battery systems for welding, cutting and allied processes	
DIN EN ISO 5175-1	Safety devices with integrated flame arrestor	
DIN EN ISO 15615	Safety devices for high-pressure equipment	

# 3 Safety

# 3.1 Basic information on the safety instructions

The product complies with the recognised technical regulations. Nevertheless, knowledge of the media used and their dangers as well as basic knowledge of the pressure control panel are prerequisites for safe and accident-free operation.

The user manual must be read and understood by every user. Instruction must be documented in writing.

The safety instructions are to be regarded as a supplement to the applicable accident prevention regulations and laws. Existing accident prevention regulations and laws must be observed in all cases.



#### **NOTICE**

Hazards from the operating environment of the system can lead to injuries to persons.

- a) No changes may be made to the system which result in a change in function.
- b) It is not possible to outline and cover in this manual all hazards arising from the environment or unforeseeable operating conditions of the system.

In the Safety Instructions chapter:

- Users are informed regarding hazards, residual risks and measures for risk reduction.
- The presentation of the safety instructions and the symbols is explained.
- Basic safety instructions to be observed in general are listed. Specific safety instructions are listed in the relevant chapters.



#### **⚠** DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminent danger. If not avoided, death or extremely serious injuries will result.



#### **MARNING**

WARNING indicates a potential imminent danger. If not avoided, death or serious injury could result.



#### **A CAUTION**

CAUTION indicates a potentially imminent danger. If not avoided, minor or moderate injury could result.



#### **NOTICE**

NOTICE indicates a potentially harmful situation. If not avoided, the system or property in its vicinity could be damaged.

# 3.2 Safety instructions

The safety instructions are to be observed by all persons working on the system. The rules and regulations for accident prevention applicable to the place of use are to be observed. The instruction of the operating and maintenance personnel on system safety must be documented.

Please pay special attention to this chapter to avoid accidents.

All measures and specifications in the safety data sheets must be implemented and observed.



#### **▲** DANGER

#### Gas leaks

If gas escapes on the product, contamination of persons, fires or explosions or the displacement of atmospheric oxygen can occur! Serious or fatal injuries are possible.

- a) Do not place pipelines and fittings under mechanical stress. Never use pipelines and components as climbing aid or to secure other parts!
- b) In the event of leaks, immediately secure the affected area!
- c) Smoking and naked flame are strictly prohibited!



#### **⚠** DANGER

#### Intended use

Operation of the product with gases other than those specified or outside the limits may result in dangerous reactions in the system. Incorrect use poses considerable risks to operating personnel and the environment!

- a) Only use the product for gases for which it was designed.
- b) Only use the product in the specified limit values for pressure and withdrawal quantity.
- Usage for another type of gas or outside the limit values is prohibited and constitutes misuse.



#### **▲** DANGER

#### **Defective product**

A defect on the product can result in unforeseeable operating conditions. Persons may be injured.

- a) The product may only be operated in technically perfect condition in compliance with all chapters of the user manual.
- b) Environmental protection laws and safety regulations must be observed.



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### Displacement of atmospheric oxygen

In the event of inert gas leaks, displacement of atmospheric oxygen may occur. Danger of suffocation!

a) The operator must ensure adequate ventilation and airing in all rooms with gas installations and monitor the oxygen content.



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### Repairs

If the product is not used as intended, unpredictable operating conditions may occur. Serious personal injuries are possible.

- a) Repairs may not lead to a change in function. The system may not be tampered with or modified.
- b) Before each repair, the system must be depressurised and flushed through.
- c) Repairs are only permitted to be carried out by trained persons.



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### Incorrect operation

Incorrect operation of the system, e.g. due to instruction errors, can lead to personal injury or damage to the system.

- a) Access to the user manual by the operating and maintenance personnel must be absolutely ensured at all times.
- b) A copy of the system documentation including the user manual must therefore be kept either on the system or in a suitable and accessible location.



#### **MARNING**

#### Working on the product

If an accident occurs when working on the product, there is a considerable risk of injury.

- a) Never work on the product unattended or unannounced.
- b) Observe the site safety rules and permission procedure.



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### **Maintenance**

Incorrect maintenance or maintenance work performed at the incorrect time can result in damage to the system or injury to persons.

- a) To avoid static charges, do not clean the product using dry cloths. Use damp cotton cloths.
- b) The maintenance intervals are to be specified by the system operator as part of its risk assessment.
- c) Observe the maintenance intervals and maintenance guidelines from the manufacturer and the applicable guidelines.
- d) Components may only be replaced by spare parts of the same design. The specifications of the component manufacturers must be complied with during installation.



#### **↑** CAUTION

#### Pressure relief lines

Discharge of hazardous media at the end of a pressure relief line or exhaust air line.

- a) Pressure relief lines may not end in areas where the escaping process gas poses a hazard to persons or the environment.
- b) The position of the pressure relief line must be carefully checked taking into account the material properties, main wind direction and other conditions.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Lighting

Incorrect switching actions or confusion can occur due to inadequate lighting.

a) Ensure sufficient lighting in accordance with the statutory regulations.

### 3.3 Emergencies and safety devices

The operational local safety regulations of the system operator, such as the alarm plan, fire safety regulations and the escape and rescue plans, apply in all cases for the operation of the Switchover.

When handling gases, all specifications from the safety data sheets must be followed. Local emergency services should be informed of the gases used at the site of the system.

In the event of mechanical damage, the product must be put into a safe operating condition.

# 3.4 Qualification of the operating and maintenance personnel

The intended user group is the system operator (user of the system) and the system maintenance personnel.

Every person working on the system must be familiar with the functions and dangers associated with the overall system. Instruction on the system is to be documented in writing.

Maintenance and repair work should only be carried out by specially trained personnel.

All operators, as well as personnel who regularly enter the area, must be trained on a minimum of the following topics:

- Alarm rules at the site and conduct in the event of malfunctions and leaks
- Basic functions of the product
- User manual
- System documentation incl. manufacturer documentation
- Position of the safety devices
- Safety data sheets on the process gas used
- Personal protective equipment

In addition, operators must have the requisite physical and mental skills to operate and maintain the equipment.

Persons who do not meet this requirement (e.g. visitors), must not remain alone in the overall system.

Operating personnel must use appropriate personal protective equipment for the activities to be performed and the associated environmental hazards. The operational instructions and the specifications of the employers' liability insurance associations and the safety data sheets must be complied with.

# 4 Design and function

# 4.1 Design

Illustration of the pressure control panel with gas cylinder connected

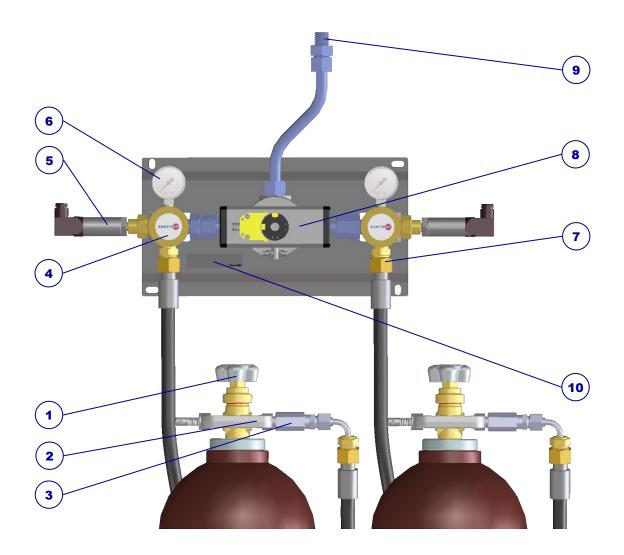


Illustration 1: -2P-AC design

Pos.	Description	Short name	Connection
1	Process gas source valve		
2	Cylinder connection incl. plug		Cylinder connection (see label)
3	Gas cut-off valve		
4	High pressure connection block	HPI	
5	Pressure transmitter	PT P1	
6	Pre-pressure gauge	PG P1	
7	Inlet pressure connection		G ¾" LH external
8	Pneumatic 3/2-way ball valve	3/2pn	

9	Outlet pressure connection	M24x1.5 internal with EO 24° external geo- metry
10	Label	

# 4.2 Functional description

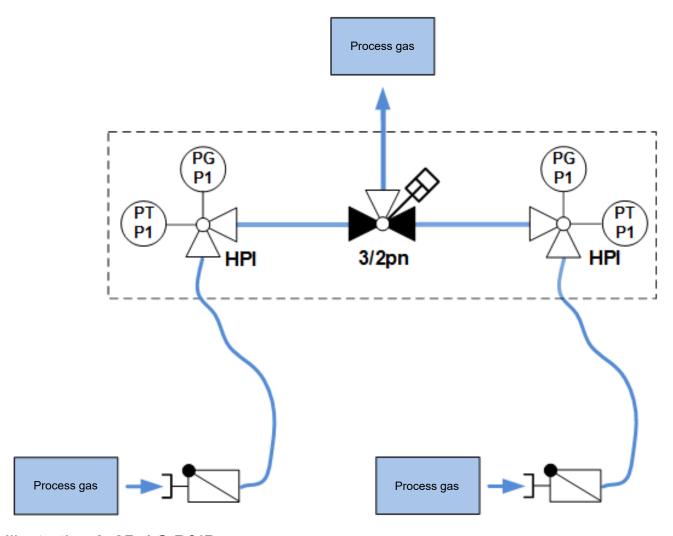


Illustration 2: 2P-AC P&ID

The intended use of the Switchover -2P-AC is the automatic switchover of a gas from the side that is currently in operation to the reserve side when the gas supply situation requires it.

It is fitted upstream of the pressure control panel and is used for pneumatic switching between 2 gas sources. The current inlet pressure can be read off on the pressure gauge on the corresponding side. The yellow marks on the inductive sensor puck indicate the gas flow. This provides information on which side is in operation.

### 4.3 Technical data



### **NOTICE**

The technical data can be taken from the data sheet for the relevant product. If this is not available, you can view and download it at www.spectron.de.

The maximum input and output pressures and the gas type are given on the identification or label.

### 4.4 Boundaries and interfaces

The scope of supply includes the product as described in the "Design [▶ 12]" chapter. The transfer points to process gas, exhaust air and auxiliary media (incl. power supply) are the connections on the pressure control panel or product.

The following areas and functions have not been included in the scope of supply from Spectron:

- other systems, lines and installations of the overall system
- Process gas source
- Exhaust air (this applies in particular to foreseeable problems, e.g. failure of the exhaust air system)
- Supply of auxiliary media (compressed air, purge gas)
- Power supply
- Lighting
- Controller

### 5 Installation

# 5.1 Connection of the manifold pipe to the pressure control panel

The factory-fitted pipe (with cutting rings and union nuts) is inserted into the screwed inlet connection on the pressure control panel and screwed in using a standard spanner up to the point at which the screw-in force increases "significantly". No extension may be used. After this point, the screw connection is tightened by another 30° precisely. Deviations from this result in understress or overstress the connection, and thus in a loss of strength.

### 5.2 Connection of the pneumatic actuator



#### **A** DANGER

#### Intended use

Operation of the product with gases other than those specified or outside the limits may result in dangerous reactions in the system. Incorrect use poses considerable risks to operating personnel and the environment!

- a) Only use the product for gases for which it was designed.
- b) Only use the product in the specified limit values for pressure and withdrawal quantity.
- Usage for another type of gas or outside the limit values is prohibited and constitutes misuse.



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### **Noise emission**

When working on pressurised pneumatic supply, significant noise emission can occur. Acute and chronic loss of hearing may result.

- a) Never perform work on the pressurised pneumatic supply without hearing protection.
- b) Only replace the silencers when the supply is unpressurised.



#### **⚠** WARNING

#### **Cross-contamination**

Cross-contamination of the control air with process gases can result in the control unit being damaged.

a) Ensure that cross-contamination of the control air line is prevented.



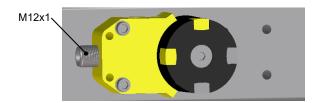
#### **↑** WARNING

#### Displacement of atmospheric oxygen

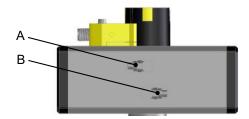
In the event of inert gas leaks, displacement of atmospheric oxygen may occur. Danger of suffocation!

a) The operator must ensure adequate ventilation and airing in all rooms with gas installations and monitor the oxygen content.

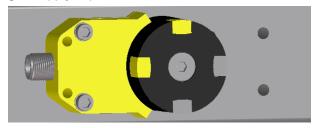
The controller is connected to the M12x1 connection via a 4-pole Namur cable:



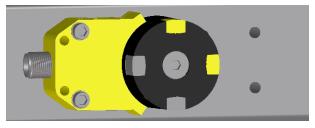
The solenoid valves require a supply of clean dry air or nitrogen filtered to  $10\mu m$ , at 5.6 bar. This is connected via a 8 mm push-in fitting on the base of the device as indicated on the label. Any waste gas from the solenoid valves is vented internally and excess pressure build-up is vented to atmosphere via an IP65 breather on the base of the unit.



Introducing compressed air through A means that the ball valve rotates anti-clockwise and the gas supply is provided from the left-hand side:



Introducing compressed air through B means that the ball valve rotates clockwise and the gas supply is provided from the right-hand side:



### 5.3 General information



#### **A** CAUTION

#### Injury or damage in the event of incorrect assembly or disassembly

Special steps are required for assembly and disassembly work on the product. Personal injuries and damage to the product are possible.

- a) Assembly and disassembly work may only be carried out by the installation engineer or appropriately skilled specialist companies and persons.
- b) The product is not permitted to be re-used following disassembly. All components must be disposed correctly.

Depending on the type of gas, different requirements apply to the installation space of gas supply systems. It is essential to observe the legal regulations and trade association regulations, and the information in the safety data sheets.

Familiarise yourself with the necessary work steps (see "Installation work [▶ 17]") and prepare the necessary tools.

#### See also

### 5.4 Installation work

#### 5.4.1 Installation

The Switchover can be fastened in a gas cylinder cabinet or to the room wall directly with screws or using C-mounting rails.

## 5.4.2 Connecting the incoming and outgoing lines

All lines must be connected in accordance with the applicable standards and specifications and tested with purge gas (pressure test and leak test). The specifications on dimensioning of the connections are described in the "Design [\* 12]" chapter.

# 6 Commissioning

# 6.1 Preparations for commissioning

The commissioning of the pressure control panel may only be carried out after the integration into the inventory has been completed. Commissioning is not permitted until the incomplete machine has been installed into a complete machine and this corresponds to the provisions of the EU Machinery Directive and the EC Declaration of Conformity according to appendix II A.

Before putting the equipment into operation for the first time, the entire pressure control panel must be purged via the PLI valve right up to the process. It is imperative to adhere to the direction of the gas flow when doing this. You must not purge counter to the usual direction of flow (from the tapping point to the pressure control panel), since this can flush debris resulting from the installation work, for example, back into the pressure regulator (PR).

The connecting threads and connecting surfaces of the gas source valves as well as the sealing rings must be checked to ensure that they are in perfect condition.

Always turn shut-off valves as far as the stop when opening or closing them.

Valves and ball valves must always be moved slowly and by no means abruptly.

#### Make sure that:

- the fittings are marked for the corresponding gas type,
- all protective caps have been removed,
- the assembly has been correctly carried out and a pressure test has been performed,
- all ball valves and valves are closed (the red marking is visible in the handwheel window) and
- the pressure regulator has been depressurised (if possible),
- the on-site exhaust gas system (if present) is functional at all times and is in operation,
- all shut-off armatures are checked for loose connections and
- the controller (if fitted) is in operation.

# 6.2 Procedure for commissioning

### 6.2.1 Connecting the process gas source

- 1. Place the process gas source in front of the bracket and secure with the safety chain.
- 2. Remove and retain the protective cap and sealing nut on the process gas source.
- 3. Remove the plug from the gas connection.
- Check connection thread and sealing. A new sealing must be used for each gas source exchange.
- 5. Screw the gas connection onto the gas source valve by hand and tighten it gas-tight with a spanner as required.
- 6. Perform a leak test as pressure or leak test. The HPI remains closed during this process, if possible (see "Exchanging the process gas source [▶ 19]"). The HPI may not only be the high pressure connection block or input, but in some versions may also consist of a ball valve or shut-off valve.

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# 7 Operation

# 7.1 General information on operation

During regular operation, the system will be in supply mode.

The procedure for decommissioning and recommissioning for extended system standstills is described in the "Decommissioning and recommissioning [ 24]" chapter.

# 7.2 Exchanging the process gas source



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### Gas source exchange

If a gas source exchange is performed incorrectly, gas leakage and poisoning of persons may occur.

- a) The gas source exchange are to be carried out by trained specialist personnel and never unattended.
- b) A pressure test must be conducted after each gas source exchange.
- c) For each gas source exchange, a new seal suitable for the used gas is to be used.
- d) Wear the personal protective equipment prescribed in the risk assessment.

With each gas source exchange, check the port for leak-tightness. We strongly recommend replacing the gasket every time the gas source is exchanged. Always turn the shut-off valves slowly and as far as the stop when opening or closing them!

#### Removing the empty process gas source:

- Check that the pneumatic ball valve has changed over from the operating side to the reserve side.
- 2. Close the drained process gas source valve.
- 3. Safely vent the range after the process gas source.
- 4. Disconnect the process gas source connection.
- 5. Mount the sealing nut on the gas source valve and protective cap on the process gas source.
- 6. Identify, secure and remove the empty process gas source.

#### Connecting the new process gas source:

- 1. Provide new process gas source, position in front of the bracket and secure using the safety chain.
- 2. Remove and retain the protective cap and screw plug.
- 3. Check the port thread and sealing; a new sealing must be used each time the gas source is exchanged.
- 4. Screw the process gas connection onto the gas source valve by hand and tighten it gastight.
- 5. Open the process gas source valve, build up pressure, and close it again. Check using leak test spray whether the process gas port is leak-tight.
- 6. Open the process gas source valve.

The reserve side is ready for supply.

# 8 Maintenance, cleaning and repairs

### 8.1 General information on maintenance



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### **Noise emission**

When working on pressurised pneumatic supply, significant noise emission can occur. Acute and chronic loss of hearing may result.

- a) Never perform work on the pressurised pneumatic supply without hearing protection.
- b) Only replace the silencers when the supply is unpressurised.



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### **Incorrect operation**

Incorrect operation of the system, e.g. due to instruction errors, can lead to personal injury or damage to the system.

- a) Access to the user manual by the operating and maintenance personnel must be absolutely ensured at all times.
- b) A copy of the system documentation including the user manual must therefore be kept either on the system or in a suitable and accessible location.



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### Working on the product

If an accident occurs when working on the product, there is a considerable risk of injury.

- a) Never work on the product unattended or unannounced.
- b) Observe the site safety rules and permission procedure.



#### **MARNING**

#### Maintenance

Incorrect maintenance or maintenance work performed at the incorrect time can result in damage to the system or injury to persons.

- a) To avoid static charges, do not clean the product using dry cloths. Use damp cotton cloths.
- b) The maintenance intervals are to be specified by the system operator as part of its risk assessment.
- c) Observe the maintenance intervals and maintenance guidelines from the manufacturer and the applicable guidelines.
- d) Components may only be replaced by spare parts of the same design. The specifications of the component manufacturers must be complied with during installation.



#### **A** CAUTION

#### Injury or damage in the event of incorrect assembly or disassembly

Special steps are required for assembly and disassembly work on the product. Personal injuries and damage to the product are possible.

- a) Assembly and disassembly work may only be carried out by the installation engineer or appropriately skilled specialist companies and persons.
- b) The product is not permitted to be re-used following disassembly. All components must be disposed correctly.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Lighting

Incorrect switching actions or confusion can occur due to inadequate lighting.

a) Ensure sufficient lighting in accordance with the statutory regulations.

Correctly performed and timely maintenance increases the service life, ensures availability and helps to avoid undesirable downtimes. Depending on the gas type, the components are subject to different maintenance intervals. Observe the stipulations from the applicable directives.

Servicing and maintenance measures are only permitted to be carried out by competent specialist companies and persons.

Maintenance work should be documented by the operator. The documentation should indicate who carried out which work and when (proof of maintenance).

It is only permitted to use original spare parts or equivalent spare parts as well as suitable tools:

The recommended maintenance and test intervals are to be observed! (Also observe the manufacturer's documents)

The causes of possible defects are to be investigated, e.g. damage, unusual noises, overheating, etc.

Before beginning maintenance work, the pressure control panel must be purged (see "Interruptions to operation for more than 48 hours"). After completing the works, a re-commissioning process must be carried out (see "Commissioning [> 18]").

# 9 Repair

# 9.1 General information on repair work



#### **⚠ WARNING**

#### **Noise emission**

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Incorrect operation of the system, e.g. due to instruction errors, can lead to personal injury or damage to the system.

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#### **↑** WARNING

#### Working on the product

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#### Injury or damage in the event of incorrect assembly or disassembly

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- a) Assembly and disassembly work may only be carried out by the installation engineer or appropriately skilled specialist companies and persons.
- b) The product is not permitted to be re-used following disassembly. All components must be disposed correctly.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Lighting

Incorrect switching actions or confusion can occur due to inadequate lighting.

a) Ensure sufficient lighting in accordance with the statutory regulations.

The objectives of the repair are:

Detect and assess causes of malfunction

Rectify faults and restore operational readiness

Repairs to the product may only be performed by the manufacturer or specialist personnel instructed on the system.

Work on electrical system parts may only be performed by a qualified electrician.

Before beginning work, the pressure control panel must be purged (see "Flushing through to the process"). After completing the works, a re-commissioning process must be carried out (see "Commissioning [> 18]").

# 9.2 Troubleshooting and fault rectification

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy
Switchover is not carried out or not completed	Leak on pilot pressure hose or its connection	Check pilot pressure hoses and its connections for pos-
	Pneumatic valve faulty	sible leaks
	·	Check pneumatic valves on the electrical controller
	Loose contact	Check electrical connection of the inductive sensor
	Pressure transmitter faulty	Check function/display of the pressure transmitter
There is a gas leak	Fault on an armature compon-	Close all valves immediately
	ent	Have armature checked immediately by the manufacturer or an authorised specialist company

# 10 Decommissioning and recommissioning

# 10.1 Decommissioning

The gas supply via the pressure control panel can be interrupted without additional risks. If the pressure control panel remains unused or disassembled for an extended period, a decommissioning process must be carried out.

In principle, decommissioning must be carried out in In principle, decommissioning must be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Interrupt gas supply (see "Gas supply interruption").
- 2. Disconnect the process gas source from the pressure control panel.
- 3. Seal all open screw connections tightly (e.g. plug on process gas port).
- 4. Flushing through to the process (see "Flushing through to the process").
- 5. Close all valves.
- 6. Switch off controller.

# 10.2 Recommissioning

The recommissioning of the pressure control panel must be carried out in accordance with the stipulations in the "Commissioning [ 18]" chapter.

# 11 Dismantling and disposal

# 11.1 General information on dismantling



#### **↑** WARNING

#### Noise emission

When working on pressurised pneumatic supply, significant noise emission can occur. Acute and chronic loss of hearing may result.

- a) Never perform work on the pressurised pneumatic supply without hearing protection.
- b) Only replace the silencers when the supply is unpressurised.



#### **⚠ CAUTION**

#### Injury or damage in the event of incorrect assembly or disassembly

Special steps are required for assembly and disassembly work on the product. Personal injuries and damage to the product are possible.

- a) Assembly and disassembly work may only be carried out by the installation engineer or appropriately skilled specialist companies and persons.
- b) The product is not permitted to be re-used following disassembly. All components must be disposed correctly.



#### **NOTICE**

#### Lighting

Incorrect switching actions or confusion can occur due to inadequate lighting.

a) Ensure sufficient lighting in accordance with the statutory regulations.

Before dismantling and disposal of the product, it must be taken out of operation and purged. The product must then be disconnected from the auxiliary media supply.

The dismantling process is to be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Purging of the product and decommissioning.
- 2. Disconnect the product from the gas supply system.
- 3. Disconnect the product from the process.
- Remove the product to do so, please refer to the "Installation [▶ 15]" chapter.
- 5. Seal all ports on the product.
- 6. Pack the product.

### 11.2 Returns

If products are returned to Spectron for checking, maintenance or repair, it is essential to purge them with inert gas. A check can only be undertaken by Spectron if the repair pre-registration including the decontamination declaration has been duly completed.

# 11.3 Disposal

Dismantling and disposal must be carried out in accordance with the official and legal requirements at the site of the system. The operator must produce a risk assessment and work instructions before dismantling. A piece of equipment may only be disposed of when the decontamination declaration has been provided, completed in full.



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